

Planning And Control Using Microsoft Project 2013 Reference

Planning and control using Microsoft Project 2013 is a vital aspect of effective project management, enabling managers to organize tasks, allocate resources, monitor progress, and ensure timely delivery of projects. Microsoft Project 2013 offers a comprehensive set of tools and features designed to streamline planning processes and facilitate control over complex projects. Whether you are managing a small team or handling a large-scale enterprise project, mastering the functionalities of Microsoft Project 2013 can significantly improve your project outcomes. This article provides a detailed guide on how to utilize Microsoft Project 2013 for planning and control, covering essential features, best practices, and tips to maximize efficiency.

Understanding the Core Features of Microsoft Project 2013

Before diving into planning and control techniques, it's important to familiarize yourself with the core features of Microsoft Project 2013 that support project management activities.

1. Gantt Chart View

The Gantt chart is the primary visual tool in Microsoft Project 2013, displaying tasks along a timeline with bars representing task durations. It helps in:

- Visualizing project schedules
- Tracking task dependencies
- Identifying critical paths

2. Task Management

Microsoft Project allows detailed task setup, including:

- Defining task durations
- Setting start and end dates
- Establishing dependencies and constraints

3. Resource Allocation

Efficient resource management is key:

- Assigning resources to tasks
- Managing resource calendars and availability
- Tracking resource workload

4. Baseline Setting

Setting baselines enables comparison between planned and actual progress, essential for controlling project deviations.

Effective Planning Using Microsoft Project 2013

Planning is the foundation of successful project execution. Microsoft Project 2013 provides tools to create a realistic, detailed project plan.

1. Defining Project Scope and Objectives

Start by clearly outlining the project scope, deliverables, and objectives. This provides a framework for task creation and resource planning.

2. Creating the Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)

Break down the project into manageable tasks:

- Identify major phases and milestones
- Decompose phases into smaller tasks
- Establish task dependencies

3. Entering Tasks and Durations

Input tasks into Microsoft Project:

- Use the task list view to add tasks
- Assign durations based on estimates
- Set start and finish dates or let MS Project schedule automatically

4. Establishing Dependencies and Constraints

Link tasks to define dependencies:

- Finish-to-start (default)
- Start-to-start
- Finish-to-finish
- Start-to-finish

Apply constraints cautiously to maintain schedule flexibility.

5. Assigning Resources

Allocate resources to tasks:

- Create resource pools (people, equipment, materials)
- Assign resources directly to tasks
- Set resource work hours and availability

6. Setting Baselines

Once the initial plan is complete:

- Navigate to the Project tab
- Select Set Baseline
- Choose to set baseline for entire project or specific tasks

This allows tracking progress against the original plan.

Controlling the Project Using Microsoft Project 2013

Control involves monitoring progress, identifying variances, and implementing corrective actions.

1. Updating Task Progress

Regularly update task completion:

- Use the % Complete column
- Mark tasks as 0% (not started), 50% (in progress), or 100% (completed)

- Update remaining durations accordingly

2. Tracking Actuals vs. Planned

Compare actual progress with baseline:

- View Variance columns (Start Variance, Finish Variance, Duration Variance)
- Identify tasks that are ahead or behind schedule

3. Analyzing Critical Path

Identify tasks on the critical path:

- Use the Gantt Chart or the Task Path feature
- Focus on critical tasks to prevent schedule delays

4. Managing Resources

Monitor resource utilization:

- Use Resource Usage or Resource Graph views
- Reallocate resources or adjust schedules to resolve over-allocations

5. Adjusting Schedules

Make adjustments to keep the project on track:

- Change task durations or dependencies
- Reschedule tasks or reassign resources
- Use the 'Level Resources' feature to resolve conflicts automatically

Advanced Planning and Control Techniques in Microsoft Project 2013

For complex projects, advanced techniques can enhance planning and control.

1. Using Custom Fields and Filters

Create custom views and reports:

- Custom fields for specific data tracking
- Filters to focus on critical tasks or resource issues

2. Creating Reports for Stakeholders

Generate visual reports:

- Navigate to the Report tab
- Use built-in templates for status, resource, or cost reports
- Export reports to PDF or Excel for sharing

3. Managing Multiple Projects

Use the Master Project feature:

- Combine multiple projects into a single file
- Track overall progress and resource sharing

Best Practices for Successful Planning and Control

Implementing best practices ensures effective use of Microsoft Project 2013:

- Maintain realistic estimates for durations and resources
- Regularly update the project plan to reflect actual progress
- Communicate changes and issues promptly to stakeholders
- Use baselines and variance analysis to catch deviations early
- Train team members on using Microsoft Project for better collaboration

Conclusion

Planning and control using Microsoft Project 2013 is a powerful approach to managing projects efficiently. By leveraging its comprehensive features—from creating detailed schedules, managing resources, setting baselines, to tracking progress—project managers can ensure projects stay on course and meet their objectives. Mastering these tools and techniques not only enhances your planning accuracy but also empowers you to make informed decisions, respond swiftly to issues,

and deliver successful project outcomes. Whether you're a beginner or an experienced project manager, integrating Microsoft Project 2013 into your workflow can be a game-changer in achieving project excellence.

Planning and Control Using Microsoft Project 2013: A Comprehensive Guide

Microsoft Project 2013 remains a powerful tool for project managers seeking to streamline planning, execution, and control of complex projects. Its extensive features facilitate detailed scheduling, resource management, and progress tracking, enabling users to keep projects on track and within scope. This guide explores the core aspects of planning and control within Microsoft Project 2013, offering practical insights to maximize its potential.

Understanding the Core Concepts of Planning with Microsoft Project 2013

Effective project planning hinges on establishing clear objectives, defining tasks, allocating resources, and setting realistic timelines. Microsoft Project 2013 offers a structured environment to accomplish these tasks efficiently.

Defining Project Scope and Objectives

- Clarify Goals: Before diving into scheduling, articulate the project's purpose, deliverables, and success criteria.
- Scope Statement: Document what is included and excluded to prevent scope creep.
- Stakeholder Input: Engage stakeholders early to gather requirements and expectations.

Breaking Down Work with Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)

- Hierarchical Tasks: Break the project into manageable components.
- Task Dependencies: Identify relationships such as finish-to-start, start-to-start, finish-to-finish, and start-to-finish.
- Milestones: Mark significant points to track progress and key deliverables.

Creating a Project Schedule

- Task Listing: Input all identified tasks with durations.
- Setting Dependencies: Use linking features to establish task sequences.
- Assign Durations and Constraints: Define realistic timeframes, considering resource availability.

- Critical Path Analysis: Use the built-in tools to identify tasks that directly impact project duration.

Resource Management and Allocation in Microsoft Project 2013

Proper resource management is vital to prevent overallocation and ensure optimal utilization.

Defining Resources

- Types of Resources:
- Work Resources: People, equipment, or materials.
- Material Resources: Consumables like cement, paint, or fuel.
- Cost Resources: Expenses not tied to specific work or materials.
- Resource Calendars: Specify working hours, non-working days, and holidays.

Assigning Resources to Tasks

- Use the Assign Resources feature to allocate personnel, equipment, or materials.
- Monitor for overallocation?when resources are scheduled beyond their capacity.
- Use Resource Leveling to resolve conflicts and adjust schedules automatically, balancing resource distribution without compromising project deadlines.

Managing Resource Costs

- Set cost rates for each resource.
- Track cost variances to identify budget overruns.
- Utilize the Cost Table to analyze expenses across tasks and resources.

Scheduling and Timeline Control

Microsoft Project 2013 provides powerful tools for creating realistic schedules and maintaining control over timelines.

Creating and Adjusting the Schedule

- Use Gantt Chart View for visual timeline representation.
- Adjust task durations and dependencies to reflect real-world constraints.
- Implement constraints thoughtfully (e.g., "Must Start On" or "Finish No Later Than") to enforce

critical deadlines without compromising flexibility.

Critical Path Method (CPM)

- Identify the sequence of critical tasks affecting project duration.
- Use the Tracking Gantt view to visualize the critical path.
- Focus management efforts on critical tasks to prevent delays.

Baseline Setting and Tracking

- Establish a project baseline after initial planning.
- Regularly update task progress and compare against baseline.
- Analyze Variance Reports to detect schedule deviations early.

Monitoring and Controlling Project Progress

Maintaining control over a project's execution requires continuous monitoring and adjustment.

Updating Task Progress

- Use Update Tasks feature to mark tasks as 0%, 50%, or 100% complete.
- Enter actual start and finish dates.
- Track remaining work and compare planned to actual progress.

Progress Reports and Dashboards

- Generate Visual reports for status updates, resource utilization, and cost analysis.
- Use Dashboard views to get real-time snapshots of project health.
- Identify bottlenecks and areas requiring intervention promptly.

Managing Changes and Variations

- Document change requests thoroughly.
- Reassess schedules and resources in response to changes.
- Use What-If Analysis to simulate potential impacts before implementing adjustments.

Advanced Features for Enhanced Control

Microsoft Project 2013 offers several advanced tools to refine planning and control processes.

Custom Fields and Filters

- Create custom fields for specific metrics (e.g., risk levels, quality scores).
- Apply filters to focus on critical tasks, resource overallocations, or specific phases.

Automated Alerts and Notifications

- Set up alerts for approaching deadlines or resource conflicts.
- Use email notifications to keep stakeholders informed.

Integration and Data Sharing

- Export project data to Excel or SharePoint for broader analysis.
- Import data from other systems to maintain consistency.
- Use Team Planner View for resource allocation visualization.

Best Practices for Effective Planning and Control

To leverage Microsoft Project 2013 effectively, consider these best practices:

- Start with Clear Objectives: Define scope, deliverables, and constraints upfront.
- Engage Stakeholders: Incorporate feedback to refine plans.
- Maintain Realism: Avoid overly optimistic durations and resource estimates.
- Regularly Update and Review: Keep the project current by frequent updates.
- Use Baselines and Reports: Establish baselines and leverage reports for performance tracking.
- Balance Flexibility and Control: Use constraints and dependencies judiciously to allow adaptability without losing control.
- Train Your Team: Ensure all users understand how to input data accurately.

Conclusion

Microsoft Project 2013 is a comprehensive tool that, when used effectively, significantly enhances project planning and control. Its features support structured work breakdowns, resource

optimization, schedule visualization, and performance monitoring. By understanding and applying these core aspects diligently, project managers can deliver projects on time, within scope, and within budget. Consistent use of its advanced features, combined with best practices, will ensure that Microsoft Project 2013 remains a vital asset in your project management toolkit.

QuestionAnswer How can I create a new project plan in Microsoft Project 2013? To create a new project plan, open Microsoft Project 2013, click on 'File' > 'New,' select 'Blank Project,' then define your project start date and begin adding tasks and milestones to structure your plan. What are the key features of task dependencies in Microsoft Project 2013? Microsoft Project 2013 allows you to set task dependencies such as Finish-to-Start, Start-to-Start, Finish-to-Finish, and Start-to-Finish, enabling accurate scheduling by linking tasks and reflecting their relationships. How can I track project progress effectively in Microsoft Project 2013? Use the 'Tracking' view to update actual start and finish dates, % complete, and remaining work. The 'Status Date' feature helps monitor progress against the baseline, providing insights into project performance. What methods can I use to control project scope and prevent scope creep in Microsoft Project 2013? Set clear scope boundaries within your task list, use baselines to compare planned versus actual work, and implement change control procedures. Regularly review task updates to ensure scope adherence. How do I generate reports for project planning and control in Microsoft Project 2013? Navigate to the 'Report' tab to access built-in reports such as 'Project Overview,' 'Resource Usage,' and 'Cost Overview.' Customize reports as needed to communicate project status and control measures effectively.

Related keywords: Microsoft Project 2013, project management, project scheduling, resource allocation, task management, Gantt charts, project tracking, project reporting, timeline management, project collaboration

Gk question and answers 2013

gk question and answers 2013

In the realm of general knowledge, staying updated with questions and answers from past years is essential for competitive exams, quizzes, and enhancing overall awareness. The year 2013 was significant in shaping various global and national events, and many questions from that year continue to be relevant for aspirants preparing for various exams. This article provides a comprehensive compilation of GK questions and answers from 2013, covering topics ranging from politics and history to science and sports, ensuring you are well-prepared to test your knowledge or prepare for future examinations.

Introduction to GK Questions and Answers 2013

General Knowledge (GK) is a vital component of competitive exams such as UPSC, SSC, banking exams, and school-level tests. Questions from 2013 reflect the political, economic, scientific, and cultural developments of that period. Familiarity with these questions helps aspirants understand the types of questions asked and the areas where they need to focus their studies.

In 2013, several landmark events took place worldwide and in India. These events have been frequently asked in various exams, making it necessary to revise and memorize key facts. The following sections provide a detailed overview of important GK questions from 2013, categorized for easy understanding.

Political and International GK Questions of 2013

Major Political Events

- Question: Who became the Prime Minister of India after the 2013 general elections?

Answer: Narendra Modi

- Question: Which country hosted the G20 Summit in 2013?

Answer: Russia (St. Petersburg)

- Question: Who was the President of the United States in 2013?

Answer: Barack Obama

International Organizations and Leaders

- Question: Who was the Secretary-General of the United Nations in 2013?

Answer: Ban Ki-moon

- Question: Which country held the BRICS Summit in 2013?

Answer: South Africa

Important Political Events in India (2013)

- Question: Which Indian state experienced a significant political change in 2013 with the formation of a new government?

Answer: Andhra Pradesh (Reorganization into Telangana)

- Question: Name the President of India in 2013.

Answer: Pranab Mukherjee

Economics and Financial GK Questions 2013

- Question: What was India's GDP growth rate approximately in 2013?

Answer: Around 5.0%

- Question: Which major Indian bank announced the launch of the first mobile banking app in 2013?

Answer: State Bank of India (SBI)

- Question: What was the international price of gold per ounce in 2013?

Answer: Approximately \$1,200 to \$1,400 (varied throughout the year)

Science and Technology GK Questions 2013

Space and Astronomy

- Question: Which planet's mission was launched by NASA in 2013?

Answer: Mars Rover (Curiosity) continued its mission, and NASA launched the MAVEN spacecraft to study Mars' atmosphere.

- Question: What is the name of the satellite launched by India in 2013?

Answer: Mars Orbiter Mission (Mangalyaan)

Innovations and Discoveries

- Question: Which breakthrough in medical science was announced in 2013 involving gene editing?

Answer: Advancements in CRISPR gene-editing technology gained worldwide attention.

- Question: What significant discovery was made in 2013 related to the Higgs boson?

Answer: Confirmation of the Higgs boson particle's properties by CERN scientists.

Sports GK Questions from 2013

- Question: Who won the ICC Cricket World Cup in 2013?

Answer: India won the ICC Champions Trophy (not the World Cup) in 2013.

- Question: Which athlete set a new world record in the 100 meters sprint in 2013?

Answer: Usain Bolt

- Question: Who was the captain of the Indian cricket team during the 2013 Champions Trophy?

Answer: Mahendra Singh Dhoni

Important Awards and Honors of 2013

- Question: Who received the Nobel Peace Prize in 2013?

Answer: Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW)

- Question: Which Indian was awarded the Padma Vibhushan in 2013?

Answer: Several individuals received the award, including Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam (posthumously) and others across various fields.

World and Cultural GK Questions of 2013

Notable Events and Festivals

- Question: Which city hosted the 2013 G20 Summit?

Answer: St. Petersburg, Russia

- Question: Which major festival was celebrated globally in 2013?

Answer: The 150th anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi's birth was commemorated worldwide.

Books, Films, and Literature

- Question: Which film won the Academy Award for Best Picture in 2013?

Answer: "Argo"

- Question: Name the Nobel Prize-winning author who published a notable work in 2013.

Answer: Alice Munro received the Nobel Prize in Literature in 2013.

Environmental and Geographical GK Questions 2013

- Question: Which natural disaster caused widespread devastation in the Philippines in 2013?

Answer: Typhoon Haiyan (Yolanda)

- Question: Which mountain was declared the highest in the world after reevaluation in 2013?

Answer: Mount Everest (still the highest, but the height was confirmed to be 8,848.86 meters after a 2013 survey)

Conclusion: Importance of GK Questions from 2013

Studying GK questions from 2013 provides insight into the major global and national events of that year. Such questions are frequently revisited in competitive exams, quizzes, and interviews. Keeping a record of these questions helps aspirants build a strong foundation in general knowledge, improves their chances of success, and keeps them informed about world affairs.

Regular revision of past GK questions, like those from 2013, ensures that learners stay sharp and confident. Whether you are preparing for a competitive exam or just aiming to enhance your knowledge base, focusing on important questions from previous years is an effective strategy.

Tips for Preparing GK Questions and Answers 2013 and Beyond

- Create a dedicated GK notebook with questions and answers from each year.
- Use online quizzes and apps to test your knowledge regularly.
- Watch news summaries and documentaries related to major events of 2013.
- Join GK discussion groups or forums for interactive learning.
- Revise periodically to retain facts effectively.

By consistently updating your GK with questions from past years like 2013, you will develop a comprehensive understanding of important facts, trends, and historical events that shape our world today.

Note: This compilation is not exhaustive but highlights some of the most significant GK questions from 2013. For a more detailed study, refer to year-specific GK books, competition archives, and official exam syllabi.

GK Question and Answers 2013: A Comprehensive Guide to the Year's General Knowledge

Introduction

GK question and answers 2013 serve as a valuable resource for students, competitive exam aspirants, and trivia enthusiasts seeking to test and expand their general knowledge base. The year 2013 marked significant developments across various domains—politics, science, sports, awards, and world events—that are often reflected in GK questions. This article aims to delve into the notable questions and answers from 2013, providing readers with an in-depth understanding of the year's important facts, along with contextual insights to enhance learning and retention.

The Significance of GK Questions from 2013

Every year, general knowledge questions evolve based on current affairs, discoveries, and global happenings. The 2013 GK set is particularly interesting because it encapsulates pivotal moments that influenced the world and India alike. For aspirants, mastering these questions not only boosts exam scores but also enriches their awareness about recent history and ongoing global developments.

Major Themes in GK Question and Answers 2013

The GK questions from 2013 broadly cover the following themes:

- Political and International Events
- Science and Technology
- Sports Achievements
- Awards and Honors
- Economics and Business
- Environment and Ecology
- Miscellaneous and Miscellaneous Trivia

Let's explore each of these themes in detail.

Political and International Events in 2013

Key Political Developments

2013 was marked by major political shifts and international diplomacy. Some of the notable questions include:

- Who was the Secretary-General of the United Nations in 2013?

Answer: Ban Ki-moon

- Which country experienced a significant political crisis leading to the resignation of its Prime Minister in 2013?

Answer: Italy (Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi resigned, and Enrico Letta took charge)

- In 2013, which nation became the first African country to qualify for the FIFA World Cup?

Answer: Algeria

- Name the Indian politician who was elected as the President of India in 2012 and held office throughout 2013.

Answer: Pranab Mukherjee

Major International Events

- What was the name of the historic agreement signed between the U.S. and Afghanistan in 2013 regarding the future presence of U.S. troops?

Answer: The Bilateral Security Agreement (BSA)

- Which country hosted the 2013 ICC Champions Trophy in cricket?

Answer: England

Notable Political Figures

- Who was appointed as the new Prime Minister of Bangladesh in 2013?

Answer: Sheikh Hasina (re-elected in 2013)

Science and Technology Highlights of 2013

Breakthrough Discoveries and Innovations

2013 saw several scientific breakthroughs, often forming the basis of GK questions:

- Which planet was officially classified as a dwarf planet in 2013 by the International Astronomical Union?

Answer: Pluto

- What was the name of the first commercially available 3D printer launched in 2013?

Answer: The first commercial 3D printer was the MakerBot Replicator 2

- In 2013, which country launched the Mars Orbiter Mission?

Answer: India (ISRO launched Mars Orbiter Mission, Mangalyaan)

- Which technology giant announced the release of Windows 8.1 in 2013?

Answer: Microsoft

Scientific Milestones

- What significant discovery regarding the Higgs boson was announced in 2013?

Answer: Confirmation of the Higgs boson particle by CERN scientists

- Which gene-editing technology gained prominence in 2013?

Answer: CRISPR-Cas9

Sports Achievements in 2013

Sports frequently dominate GK questions, and 2013 was no exception:

- Who won the FIFA Ballon d'Or award in 2013?

Answer: Cristiano Ronaldo

- Which country won the ICC Champions Trophy 2013?

Answer: India

- Who became the first Indian to win a gold medal at the World Wrestling Championships in 2013?

Answer: Sushil Kumar

- Name the Indian cricket team captain in 2013 during the ICC Champions Trophy.

Answer: Mahendra Singh Dhoni

- Which athlete set a new world record in the men's 100 meters in 2013?

Answer: Usain Bolt (though he equaled his own record, he remained the fastest)

Awards and Honors of 2013

This section includes notable awards conferred in 2013:

- Who was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2013?

Answer: Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW)

- Who received the Bharat Ratna, India's highest civilian award, in 2013?

Answer: Atal Bihari Vajpayee (posthumously awarded in 2015, but discussions and recognitions related to his leadership were prominent in 2013)

- Which film won the Best Picture at the 85th Academy Awards in 2013?

Answer: "Argo"

- Who was awarded the Booker Prize in 2013?

Answer: Eleanor Catton for her novel The Luminaries

Economic and Business Developments in 2013

- Which country's economy was the fastest-growing among G20 nations in 2013?

Answer: China

- What major global company announced a significant acquisition or merger in 2013?

Answer: Facebook announced the acquisition of Instagram in 2012, but its impact was felt through 2013; additionally, in 2013, Apple announced the iPhone 5s and 5c launch.

- Which Indian company became the most valuable in market capitalization in 2013?

Answer: Reliance Industries

Environment and Ecology in 2013

- What major environmental event occurred along the Indian coast in 2013?

Answer: The massive cyclone Phailin struck the eastern coast of India

- Which animal was declared extinct in the wild in 2013?

Answer: The Western Black Rhinoceros (though the process was ongoing, the IUCN officially declared it extinct in 2013)

- What was the theme of Earth Day 2013?

Answer: "The Face of Climate Change"

Miscellaneous Trivia and Noteworthy Facts

- Which viral social media phenomenon gained popularity in 2013?

Answer: The "Harlem Shake" videos

- What was the name of the popular gaming console launched by Sony in 2013?

Answer: PlayStation 4

- Which iconic Indian space manned mission was announced but not launched in 2013?

Answer: The Indian Human Spaceflight Program, later named Gaganyaan, was in planning stages during 2013.

How to Use 2013 GK Questions for Competitive Exams

Understanding the pattern and types of questions from 2013 can greatly improve preparation strategies:

- Focus on current affairs around 2013, including political changes, international treaties, and scientific breakthroughs.
- Keep abreast of sports achievements and awards handed out during that year.
- Regularly revise world events and Indian history and polity to grasp the context behind questions.
- Practice with mock tests that incorporate GK questions from 2013 to improve speed and accuracy.

Conclusion

GK question and answers 2013 encapsulate a year of remarkable global and national milestones. From scientific discoveries to political upheavals, and from sporting triumphs to cultural accolades, the year offers a rich tapestry of knowledge. Aspiring learners and competitive exam candidates can leverage this information to build a strong foundation in general knowledge. As history often repeats itself or gets referenced, understanding the events of 2013 not only prepares you for exams but also enhances your awareness of recent global developments.

By delving into the questions and answers from 2013, enthusiasts can appreciate how the world evolved during that period and how those events continue to influence current affairs. Staying updated with such historical GK points ensures that you remain well-informed and ready for any quiz or exam that tests your breadth of knowledge.

Remember: Consistency is key. Regular revision of GK questions from past years like 2013 will strengthen your overall preparedness and boost confidence in any competitive scenario.

QuestionAnswer What was the major international event that took place in 2013? One of the major international events in 2013 was the election of Pope Francis as the 266th Pope of the Roman Catholic Church. Which country hosted the 2013 ICC Champions Trophy in cricket? England hosted the 2013 ICC Champions Trophy. Who was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2013? The Nobel Peace Prize in 2013 was awarded to the Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW). What significant technological advancement was made in 2013? In 2013, the Bitcoin cryptocurrency gained widespread attention and saw a significant rise in value. Which film won the Best Picture Oscar in 2013? The film 'Argo' won the Best Picture Oscar at the 85th Academy Awards in 2013. What was a major scientific discovery or achievement in 2013? NASA's Curiosity rover discovered evidence of ancient freshwater lakes on Mars in 2013. Which country became the first to approve a vaccine for Ebola in 2013? Sierra Leone became the first country to approve an Ebola vaccine in 2013. Who was the Prime Minister of India in 2013? Manmohan Singh was the Prime Minister of India in 2013.

Related keywords: general knowledge, quiz, trivia, current affairs, GK questions, GK answers, 2013 events, general awareness, competitive exams, quiz questions

Read the full article online: [Gk question and answers 2013](#)